IN CASE OF ELECTRICAL DIFFICULT

SUBJECT: H.I.D. LUMINAIRES

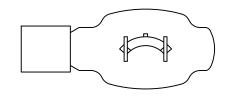
This luminaire has been thoroughly tested at the factory prior to shipping. First the unit was subjected to a high potential test which subjects all electrical components to an AC voltage exceeding 1000 volts between live parts and dead metal parts. Any weak insulation or "shorts to ground" is detected by this test.

The luminaire was then connected to the rated input voltage and correct lamp load and subjected to a performance test to determine if the ballast is operating the lamp within the correct parameters. Should difficulties be encountered, please go through the following check list as this luminaire was in working order upon leaving our

- A. Problem: Lamp Will Not Start
 - 1. Is power applied to luminaire?
 - 2. Is lamp seated in socket properly? (See Paragraph #2 under Item C.)
 - 3. Is lamp of correct wattage and type?
 - 4. Is lamp defective? Try lamp known to be in operating condition.
 - 5. Check lamp markings and determine if lamp is intended for burning in the position in which it is being used, i.e., vertical or horizontal.
- 6. Is photocontrol functioning properly (if used)?
- 7. Does voltage measured at socket agree with the minimum required indicated in chart?
- 8. If no voltage appears at the lamp socket, check supply wire connections.
- 9. Check voltage at supply connections. Is it within ±10% of rated fixture voltage?
- 10. Open luminaire and determine if all connections are secure.
- B. Problem: Irregular or Difficult Lamp Starting
 - 1. Numerous causes could exist here. We suggest that under A above, Items 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9 and 10 be checked. Ballasts are designed to start lamps at temperatures down to minus 20°F. In some rare instances, outside temperatures could be a problem in certain areas.
- C. Problem: Lamp Cycles

This condition is evidenced by the lamp repeatedly warming up, then extinguishing, then warming up again.

- 1. Check under A above, Items 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and especially 9.
- 2. If 175 watt or 400 watt Super Metalarc lamps are used (Horizontal Lamp Luminaires only) it is imperative that the arc tube be positioned so that the arc points vertically upward (see illustration) with the luminaire in the installed position. Should the arc tube be over 4° in either direction, lamp cycling will very likely result. This lamp is provided with a stop-pin located on the screw shell which engages a notch on the screw shell of the specially constructed lamp socket provided. This notch will be on the left side (9 o'clock position) when standing looking into the mouth of the socket with the luminaire in its installed position and viewer standing erect on a ladder or other support.



SUPER METAL ARC LAMP

Should the luminaire still not operate correctly after checking the above items, report the problem to the distributor through which the luminaire was sold.

MINIMUM OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE FOR VARIOUS H-I-D LAMPS

LAMP TYPE	WATTAGE	MINIMUM SOCKET VOLTAGE
METAL HALIDE	1000 400 250 175	410 295 280 295
HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM	1000 400 360* 310 250 200 150/55V 150/100V 150** 100 70 50	456 195 225 190 195 195 110 195 225 110 110
MERCURY VAPOR	1000 400 250 175 100	375 225 225 225 225 225

*360W Unalux R designed to operate on 400W Mercury Vapor Lag Type Ballast only

**150W Unalux $^{\circledR}$ or E-ZLUX $^{\circledR}$ designed to operate on 175W Mercury Vapor Lag Type Ballast only



USE CLEAR LAMP ONLY

Clear lamp required for optimum photometric performance